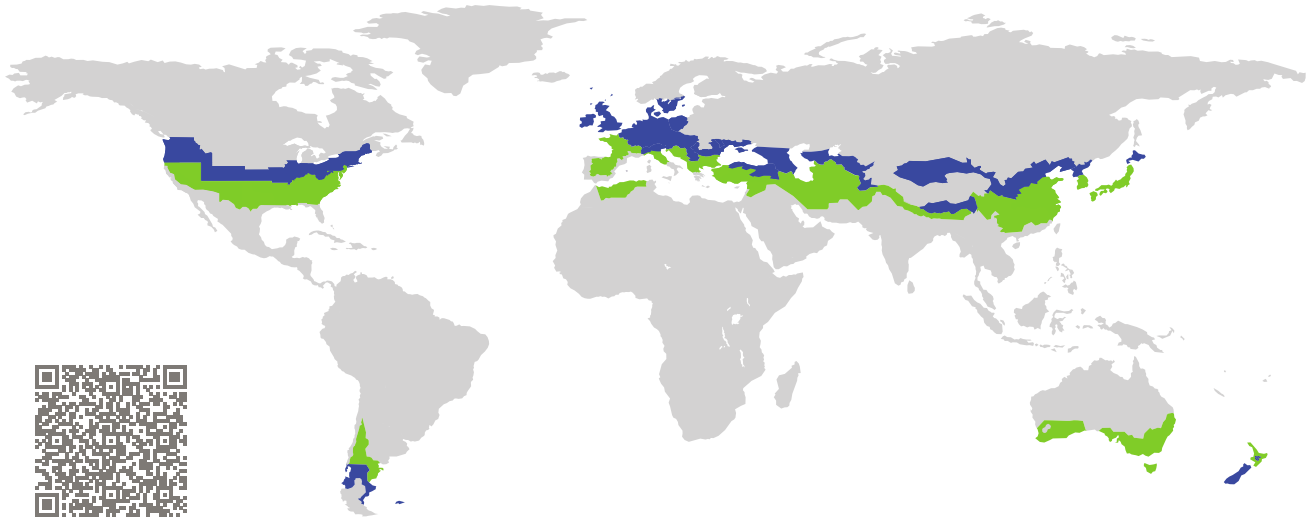


CERTIFICATE

Certified Passive House Component

Component-ID 2292wi03 valid until 31st December 2025

Passive House Institute
Dr. Wolfgang Feist
64283 Darmstadt
Germany

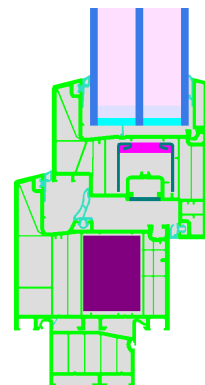


Category: **Window Frame**
Manufacturer: **Salamander Industrie-Produkte GmbH, Türkheim, Germany**
Product name: **bluEvolution 82**

This certificate was awarded based on the following criteria for the cool, temperate climate zone

Comfort $U_W = 0.80 \leq 0.80 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})$
 $U_{W, \text{installed}} \leq 0.85 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})$
with $U_g = 0.70 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})$

Hygiene $f_{Rsi=0.25} \geq 0.70$



Passive House
efficiency class

phE

phD

phC

phB

phA

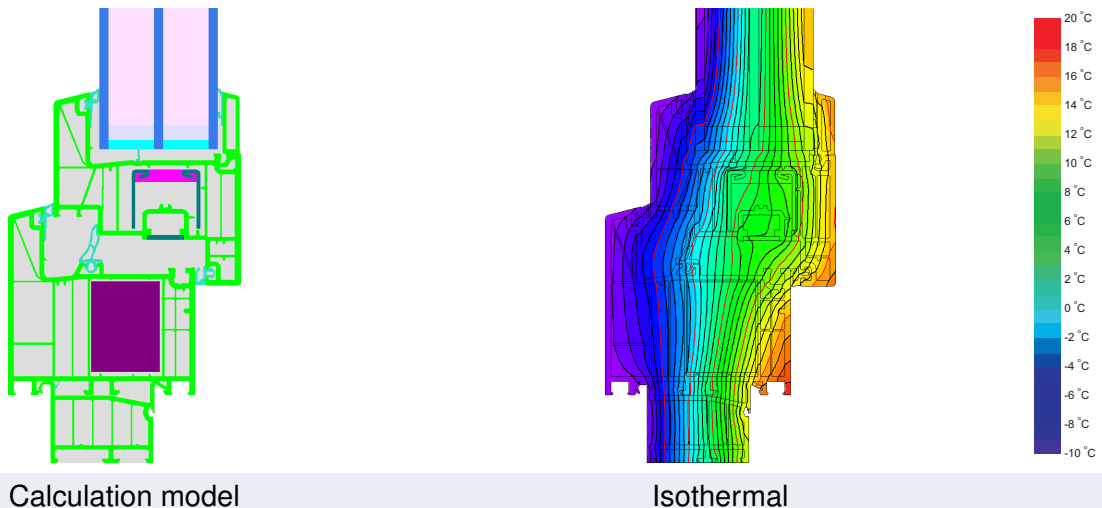
www.passivehouse.com

cool, temperate climate



**CERTIFIED
COMPONENT**

Passive House Institute



Calculation model

Isothermal

Description

PVC-window frame with steel reinforcements inside the sash. Max. dimensions: 1.48 m (height) x 1.00 m (width) without mullion. Insulation insert (0.032 W/(mK)) in the main frame. Pane thickness: 52 mm (4/20/4/20/4), Glass inset: 25 mm

Explanation

The window U-values were calculated for the test window size of 1.23 m × 1.48 m with $U_g = 0.70 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})$. If a higher quality glazing is used, the window U-values will improve as follows:

Glazing	$U_g =$	0.70	0.64	0.58	0.54	W/(m ² · K)
		↓	↓	↓	↓	
Window	$U_w =$	0.80	0.76	0.72	0.70	W/(m ² · K)

Transparent building components are classified into efficiency classes depending on the heat losses through the opaque part. The frame U-Values, frame widths, thermal bridges at the glazing edge, and the glazing edge lengths are included in these heat losses. A more detailed report of the calculations performed in the context of certification is available from the manufacturer.

The Passive House Institute has defined international component criteria for seven climate zones. In principle, components which have been certified for climate zones with higher requirements may also be used in climates with less stringent requirements. In a particular climate zone it may make sense to use a component of a higher thermal quality which has been certified for a climate zone with more stringent requirements.

Further information relating to certification can be found on www.passivehouse.com and passipedia.org.

Validated installations

Formwork blocks (operable)	Lightweight timber (operable)	Exterior insulation and finishing system (EIFS) (operable)
$U_{\text{Wall}} = 0.15 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})$ Exterior plaster 1.0 W/(mK) EPS 0.035 W/(mK) Concrete 2.3 W/(mK) EPS 0.035 W/(mK) Interior plaster 0.57 W/(mK) Insulation 0.040 W/(mK) point connection made from timber battens	$U_{\text{Wall}} = 0.13 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})$ Exterior plaster 1.0 W/(mK) Wood fibre board 0.050 W/(mK) Cellulose 0.040 W/(mK) OSB-board 0.13 W/(mK) Insulation 0.040 W/(mK) Plasterboard 0.25 W/(mK) point connection made from timber battens	$U_{\text{Wall}} = 0.13 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})$ Exterior plaster 1.0 W/(mK) EPS 0.035 W/(mK) Adhesive 0.70 W/(mK) Sand-lime brick 1.0 W/(mK) Interior plaster 0.57 W/(mK) Suitable fastening, e.g. mounting frame or bracket, but only protruding as far as necessary for fixing the window
Ψ_{install} W/(m · K)	Ψ_{install} W/(m · K)	Ψ_{install} W/(m · K)
Top 0.007	Top 0.014	Top 0.008
Side 0.007	Side 0.014	Side 0.008
Bottom 0.039	Bottom 0.011	Bottom 0.033
$U_{W, \text{installed}} = 0.84 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})$	$U_{W, \text{installed}} = 0.84 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})$	$U_{W, \text{installed}} = 0.84 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})$

Frame values			Frame width b_f mm	U -value frame U_f W/(m ² · K)	Ψ -glazing edge Ψ_g W/(m · K)	Temp. Factor $f_{Rsi=0.25}$ [-]
Mullion 2 casements	(2M1)		198	0.95	0.019	0.69
Bottom	(OB1)		163	0.94	0.020	0.72
Top	(OH1)		133	0.80	0.020	0.75
Lateral	(OJ1)		133	0.80	0.020	0.75
Spacer: SWISSPACER ULTIMATE				Secondary seal: Butyl		

